THE EMPTY NEST NEWSLE Field and forest, vale and mountain, Blooming meadow, Chanting bird and flowing fountain, Call Honry Van Dyke, (after goether)

SANG GOETHE'S "HYMN TO JOY" TREETOP WHEN

Winchester, IL. Aunty Lois. died peacefully at her home, on Nov. 19 at the age of 92 or 93. And if any one word describes (as sherlife, from my viewpoint, it's "Joy"! She was always so bright a part a literested in every. fling, & JOYFUL! She told we how as a child she discovered goethe's "Hymu to Toy" (The "jay feel jayfeel we adore these" in the hymnol oin Beethoven's Vinth) and, feeling great joy as She was swaying at the very tip of a pinetree, should out the verses, which she'd memor-Ized. All us Dougan Kids Know that a light of Christmasus always opening Aunty Lois's box of books -- & how carefully she pik ed toreach ofus! I still have the books she gave to me. One of the quatest thrills of mylife was to look, at age 10, inside the cover of my favorite fairy tale book, a beautiful edition of East o'the Sun & West o'the Hour (illustra. ted by Kay Neilson) and see that it was MINE! Given tome by Lois Coultas, on my 1st Christmas.

Lois was bright oclert to the last lived alone, (her nephow stopped in twice a day) and was a faithful reader of The Eulipty Nest Newsletter. For those of you who didn't Know har, she was not a "true" aunt, but Vera Clardueri oldest deavest friend. Grandma had along that with her Nov. 18, as shedid weekly, and told Groudpa that Lois's voice was not as strong. And then the next morning she died. I drove over to the funeval on weds, and the minister was an ass. He didn't knowlois 6 all he talked abit was how he had learned to handle grief. So-at the luncheon afterwards, I stood up and told the group some of my remembrances about Lois. This prompted others, and we had a warm and Sharing time telling Stories. I felt we (cont on p. 2)

Belzoni, Tenn. In Belzoni, the catfish Capital of the world, where the Jackson Symphonywas on tour, playing a concert, POOF! Pat Dalvit's Viola disappear ed, along with a two-instrument case, two expensive bows, and all Pat's music. Fortunately her violibles not in the other half, but nonetheless the loss is somewhere between four + five thousand dollars. Unfortunately, Pat didn't have her instruments insured. Advice to all: INSURE! (When Damaris Jackson lost her good fiddle in a fire several years ago, it was insured, but it had increased draugatically in value between the time of its in suring and its demise, Still, Teacher managed to find her a pretty good instrument with the insurauce money.)

PAUL BREAKS TAIL Chicago Paul Campagna marred his thanks giving holidays by Slipping on a Slippery leat, -alling down 5 concrete steps, 1



breaking his coccyx. Healso received a blow to each arm as he grabbed for the railings. There is nothing to be done for a broken coccyx, Paul reports, except avoid soft chairs. "It horts," says Paul.

OTHER SAD NEWS Ellsworth, Maine Dave Stocking, beloved Beloit College English prof, and bird watcher longa member of the Ned Hollister Bird Club of Beloit, died Nov. 20 of cancer. Our hearts are heavy. And --Bebit Frank Boggs' 2041. old son Andy has abrain tumor, o is fighting valioutly Frank Stopped by 6 rams Gramps on Thanksgiving Day and chatted

Green Bay Benjamin Carlisle Yde came on Nov 7 weighing in at 916 1502, and he's cute as a bug! Cheers!

awhile with all of us there.



Cleveland. Well, as the ENNL Ed. heard the story 3rd hand, it goes like this. It seems that Stephanie Dalvithe Phillips had gotall gussied up for some reasou, and happened to pass a silver Rolls Royce. She was exchanted with its beauty, of thought shed like to see what it felt like to sitiua Rolls Royce (which sho had never done (Cout p. 2)

THE EMPTY NEST NEWSLETTER VOL 111-NO3-P 2

O15 (Cont from P. 1) really had Lois's funeral at the luncheon. Lois actually host ed her own "funeral" -- I called it a celebration, toher family - remember a year ago Oct. WENNL when I reported that hois, at 92, had quena big Party for all her relatives, paid for everything, and 50 some people came? I think Lois wanted to be in on the fun, o not have everybody get together without her there to enjoyit! Bravo, Aunty hois, and we are going to miss you lots & lots. Yours was a beautique, carring, productive like, and this an example tourall on how to

THREAT PAYS OFF
Spfld. Professor J. D. Jackson
of S. S. U. sent memos to all dems,
+ Pres. & V.P., saying, \$25 from
each of your shops, for the Jamboree, will spare you from Seeing
Professor Jackson next January
soliciting money all over campus
dressed as au M. M. Needless to
say, the money has been rolling in.

SHEIK (Cont from P. 1) before.) So she approaded the chauffer who was sitting at the wheel, and a sked if she might sit in the back for a few moments. The chauffer opened the door for her, and Steffie climbed in, and sat in the silver holls Royce, all quisied up a looking out at the world. While sitting there, the owner of the car came out of the building -- and was an Arab sheik! He saw this lovely young lady sitting in his car, a engaged her in conversation. Stephanie told him about her work with amorexics a bulenics, and he was so impressed he gave her a check for \$ 1000. Steffie cashed the check to it cleared. "Now

& 1000. Steffie cashed the check of cleared. "Now who but Steffie would do a turing like that?" Grand wa Grampa said over the phone. The ENNL Ed. said promptly, "Her mother Pat would!" (Moral of this story: Don't sit in a Cherrolet!) (To read Steffie's bulinia article, turn to Sunday Supplement Section.)

San Francisco This fall Alison walsh and Charles Espy have been host to three (count 'em, 3) Jackson Kids, four, if you count Gillian coming twice, 5 if you count Cressida! First was Gillian coming alone o going on a shopping spree for some new clothes, with Alison along to offer expert advice. Then Came Megan, on a several-stop trip out west. Now comes Ellie, flying over from London, and Gill ocress will hop over from Reno to be in on the fun. No Jackson visit has been brief: they all stay at least several days. The ENNL Ed hopes that walsh . Espy thrive on company- Jackson company. Word has trickled to her that walsh, god mother of the youngest Jackson, said she felt blessed."

Can you see why

90

3(0)

WORDS on WARDNERS

IS BIG HIT!

Spfld/Portland Jackie Jackson Caroline Buck, new co-editors of the Wardner Family Historical Society newsletter, are doing a bit of feather preening at the success of

their first issue. All ENNL readers with any Giv
taint of Wardner blood should have received a copy. Any resemblance we held a half party:
between WonW and ENNL is of course purely coincidental. It Thoquest lift was halved
Editor(s) request wardner news for both publications. (+ non-(varine from) you brought your other

UNPRECEDENTED

OCCURANCE FROM

ADMINISTRATOR

Spft Out the Union Smas Party
the new president of SSU, Durward Long, (sober) said to ENNL
ed, "Live will get together with
the Vice President very soon.
You are one of the most valuable

People on this campus, and I want to find ways to Support you." The astonished a gratified Ed. heard this several times: So it's bona fide! She's thinking big: grad assistant, budget for radio show, private & Secretary, Someone toctom har house, etc. (Administrator Phil Kondall did support all he could, in the past, but his been gone year, eyears).

we all love her?)
HALF PARTY
WHOLE SUCCESS
Speld. Dean Dennis
Camp (JJ's dean) recently published he ist
volume of a definitive
zvol who JJ suggested
acelebration, he said,
"It's only half act." So
we held a half party!
The quest list was halved,
you brought your other
ther half, or what half

half, better half, or what half you; the house was half cloured (the upstairs!) quests were half-something: some came half drassed; IT came as Boby Fac (fur coat of infrers); we gave half speecher o half prems. Half gifts included 1st half of a mystery book, & ceramic affecting. Dr. 12 tie, I sock, of of a dozen voses - the boot our half.

SO LONG, MILDRED!

GOODBYE, DANNY!

TOO BAD, ESTHER!

GOODBYE, DANNY!

TOO BAD, ESTHER!







SHESTHINKING
SHESTHINKING
BIGGERS

... Subsidy for 3
{Empty Nest New
Letter, solderical }
Suffert, raise,
publication help, a
tourld tour, Dortmodh,
feinten, house painted
does shots, Silhauette

Holstein, father of 35,000, dead

MADISON, Wis. - S-W-D Valiant, a Holstein bull whose semen produced \$25 million in sales for American Breeders Service and 35,000 offspring worldwide, has died of old age and other complica-

tions. He was 11 years old.

Robert Walton, president of American Breeders, said Wednesday that Valiant died Aug. 9 and was

buried Friday

Walton estimated Valiant's offspring have brought dairy farmers an additional \$18 million in milk production revenues, due to their greater production. He said a supply of Valiant's frozen semen was still on hand. It sold for \$125 per unit in late 1983.

NEWS NUGGETS (SOME PRETTY OLD) Two Rivers, Wis, about 1894 (?) When Great Gram Eunice Trever Dougan (then Eunice Trever) taught grade school in Two Rivers, a little boy inher class was remard and Rent to parochial school by his parents. Two weeks later he was back. When Eunice inquired the reason, he said, "The nuns made me kneel on peas."

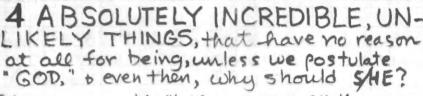


"SEE ONE YA' LIKE, HELGA?"

London Ellie Tackson has purchased a #400 TWA ticket that goes: London. Boston. San Francisco: Los Angeles. Chicago. Boston. London. This incredible bargain is not available in the States, alas. Sau Francisco: Megan Jackson, while staying at the walsh / Espy home, had her hair cut o styled. Beloit, wis. In Nov. deer season, R. A. Dongan gave a young man permission to hout down at the pond. He sat in atree all one Saturday with his bow , arrow, & saw 5 doe. The next AM he shot a buk. (luisconsin is being currently overrun wideer: Twere Killed by cars in Winnebogo Edi in two weeks! Spfle. Naucy Rangard's Master's Thosis Exhibition, Dreams & Rituals, at SSU Dac 7-14, is wonderful! All sorts of Naucy Stuff in boxes, etc., including a composition with her wisdom teeta!

Seattle Rito Bresnahan spout a birthday \$5 on an evening w/ Ursula LeGuin and pronounced her " phenomenal" -- "personable, very finny, one of the most ex pressive readers I've ever heard, angry in one poem, movingus to tears at another. She had us eatingout of her hand & read larger than she'd contracted, responding to

the high audience energy and receptivity", laylorville, IL there are now 2 ENMS being published out of this small town: one by therese Clarke, one by Paun Hope, for o their families. Both acknowledge their Pavent.



(These are a distillation of ENNL Ed's thoughts are many, many years, at times when the skin was peeled back leaving nothing but nerve ends to the air, & dumb wonder.)

1- The first is, that there is anything at all. Space, energy, matter, That "IS" is, rather than nothing.

2. That LIFE exists amongst this " is." What an absolut ly unlikely incredible thing to occur!

3. That amongst these living forms there is intelligence + self awareness. We think, learn, remember, + are t aware that "I am Me." (Gillian's revention by the Sandbox at 4; it don't happen to Jung till 9 or 10, but he was slow.)

And 4: That these intelligent, self aware creatures possess emotions, the most important, the capacity to care, to love,



Reno. Cresida Broten, Mearing 21, now Knows all has letters, can work zippers & puzzles, is thinking about being toilet trained of quilturg norsing, says "Hello Grandma" overthe phone, o wrote her first letter to Grandma: big circles & small dots (peasongte) Madison, Wis, Tom Schmidt cooked up a govrmet chicken dinner (nuch room & vermouth Sauce!) for assouthed Schridts, RAD . Vul, + J Jackson, on the Sat. after Thanks giving. All the accompanying dishes were supert, too, when asked by Gram & Gramp where he came by his cellinary toleut, Schmidt replied modestly, "It runs in the family," Be loit, wis. If a randma & Grandpa offer you che of their many cans of "She-Crab soup," decline.

4 BOGGLING THINGS. INOW FOR A POST SCRIPT N

The universe was in existence forever in time past. I was it here; I didn't know anything about it; in all that total forever sdidn't feel deprived at all. And the Universe is going to be in existance forever, in time future. It it turns out there is no after life and I'm not around in some form, I won't miss that forever, either. But here Iam, here we are, in an intinitessiwally short little twist in time, and what staggering odds there are against our being here at all! To be privileged to be here, on this earth, for this blink of the cosmic eye. Weall, ought to be GIDDY, GIDDY, GIDDY WITH JOY!

VEST NEWSLETTER

The 1st Time in 6 Mo. I Look at the Chicago Trib, + Seep

What I Notice! Cabbage Patch lesson (abt. early Nov.) ENNL ED.

Wherever we went this summer we found one or two small girls triumphantly accompanied by their Cabbage Patch dolls. Part of

their Cabbage Patch dolls. Part of the mystique of these ugly-cute dolls is that they are still hard to find a year after their frenzied introduction to American society. Another part of the dolls' mystique is that they have to be displayed, nay flaunted, by their owners.

Thus, whenever I sallied forth with 5-year-old Erin, I'd feel an urgent tug and hear, "Oh, Mommy, there's a Cabbage Patch doll!" I'd try not to stare too hard and to resist the temptation to ask where the doll had been bought. After all, Cabbage Patches are only dolls and I wasn't going to be seduced totally by the media hype surrounding them. I reasoned that eventually we'd find one, but meanwhile, I wasn't going to look ridiculous while hunting this

The observer

child's grail.

The telephone call came months after we'd placed our name on a list for a Cabbage Patch doll. We drove over to the store, paid and then were admitted to the inner sanctum. It was immediate love as Erin selected Starr Linda, a brown-haired tyke who sucked a pacifier.

Our next stop was the grocery. Erin wanted to leave the doll in the car. With these dolls so hard to find, the possibility of a doll-napping was not bard to envision. I explained such to Erin. The doll went in with us.

Then began the nudgings of mothers by children, "Mommy, look, there's a Cabbage Patch

doll!" It was the other mothers' turn to try to look nonchalant and to try to divert their children's attention. We, however, began to feel conspicuous as we paraded around the store with whisperings and nudgings following our trail. Erin no longer felt just proud and special, she felt exposed and tried to shield the doll behind groceries.

As I was pondering the negative aspects of the Cabbage Patch mania [possessiveness, excessive materialism, media manipulation,] Erin announced that she was going to let her friends borrow Starr Linda. She had unwittingly transformed the stuff of ordinary life into an agent of a higher order. She had understood the redeeming feature of these dolls—not only are they lovable but they can be used as instruments of love.

Madeline Hamblin

Madeline Hamblin

Have a hard-to-shop-for person on your

xmas list? Why not get him or her a handsome

Z ANANA LIE

NOBODYSENDS XMAS LIST TO ENNL

Spfld. Since nobody this year chose to avail themselves of ENMS free advertise-your-wants Service, the ENNL Ed's list will have to stand all alonely, ther wants are few & Cheap & in order of importances

Foot massage (s) 2. Back massage (s) 3. Head massage(s)

4. Any personal attentions at all! (Including along, a" How are you, Sweetie?" (I like it when Karl says that.)

5. Donald son's Lord Fouls bane Sci-Fi. ("Thomas (oventry series?) 6. Aun Uc Caffrey's dragon

fautosy series. 7. A living room trampoline like Pat Dalvit has.

8. Coin purse (mine was stoky) 9. Car wastebasket (ditto, that's where the coin purse was, a territ-

ic little one Ellie get me in Mexico,) COMING SOON: WORDS ON JEREMY Flagstoff, AZ. Global Adventurer Jeremy Schmidt, and S.O.S. Wardy Baylor, are dickering with National Geographic, Equinox, and other classy publications to allow ENNL exclusive

and wendy have spent 2 months touring the area, talking o taking picfores Equinox has an article on Kiliman jaro coming up. More on Schmidt Baylor in next 15 wENIL 0 1000 tooled leather engraved (with bird) bilder, in which to keep his or her EMPTY NEST NEWSLETTERS? VACT NOW-SUPPLY LIMITED~ WHAT'S THIS NONSENSE ABOUT OU NOT RENEWING YOUR ENNL SUBSCRIPTION? ?!!

QUERY

FOR THE PERSON

WHO HAS EVERYTHING

Actually, Tinker Bell would like to Know if you read this publication. Since most of you have never asked to receive it, nor commented upon it, she some times wonders if any body deven notice if it stopped coming. Your news in it, of course, would make it less lopsided!

SQUATTER LIVED AT COTTAGE Hinesburg Roud, yt. Some time last March or April someone broke into J. Jackson's Vermont "camp," moved the cause under the house; tidied up all the stuff on the floor that fell during the earthquake (Megan shrink-rights (a la Stephanie's article), so that saw the mess thru a window inearly March); burned out all ENNL subscribers can see a sampling. Schmidt the hot water heater, used electricity; used up \$40 morth has recently been commissioned by the Sierna Club of bottle gas; 6 left good mags outside. WHO?? to do a Guide to the Rocky Mountains, and he the hot water heater, used electricity, used up \$40 worth



10-26



THE EMPTY NEST NEWSLETTER · VOL III · NO 3 · P 5

RENO TO HOST NATIONAL COMPUTING CONFERENCE

Skip hosted this

Skip Broter

Reno will be the setting this month for the Twelfth User Services Conference of the Association of Computing Machinery Special Interest Group for University and College Computing Services (ACM SIGUCCS). The conference will be held Sunday through Wednesday, November 11-14, in the Reno Hilton Hotel. SIGUCCS sponsors conferences for discussing computing issues in higher education, including: managing campus computing, purchasing "state of the art" computing equipment, and providing computing services for the needs and goals of the campus. The theme for the Reno meeting is "User Services 1984: Ending or Beginning?" The conference will open on Sunday with four 4-hour tutorials, followed on Monday through Wednesday with a total of twenty-four sessions featuring professional papers and panel discussions. Among other highlights: a keynote address by Jim Warren, originator of the Silicon Guich Gazette and West Coast Computer Faire; announcement of the results of the annual computing center newsletter contest; and a comprehensive display of newsletters and documents from around the nation and, indeed, the world. The meeting is expected to attract upwards of 350 computing center professionals to Reno for the four days.

Reno. This
event was
such a great
Success that
Skip has been
asked to interview for
jobs at other institutions!
Congratulations,

From our Nautucket correspondents

CAROL MILLAR and ROY ANDERSON announce

ATTEMPTED MATRIMONY

November 15, 1984 Newport, Rhode Island

As Carol's divorce decree was certified with a stamp and not a Raised Seal the event did not come to a climax

Following the Nothing at the Court House a Gnashing of Teeth was held in the parking lot.

Still living in Sin somewhere over the rainbow.

Brings Your
Heartfelt
Message to the
Message to the
One You Love!
One You Love!
An ENNL
reader is a special
friend. Give yours
attention ...this
mug tells
you care!

DINU

COUNTY TEST NEWS

PREE WITH SUBSCRIPT
TOOM

PREE WITH

while they last

FROM THE MIN-UTES, JUNE 4, 1984:

BELGIT-JANESVILLE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA BOARD: Honor for Mrs. Dougan -- The Board approved with enthusiasm a recommendation from the Executive Committee to designate in perpetuity the concert master chair of the orchestra as the Vera W. Dougan chair and to make appropriate announcement of this honor for Mrs. Dougan at the opening of the new concert season. Mrs. Dougan expressed deep gratitude for the recognition and she and Mr. Dougan were given a round of applause.



Std OK, family/friends, this is it: where shall we all gather in 1986 to see Halley's Comet? Throughout world history the comet has been SPECTACULAR! ALVE INSPIRING! But when we see it it will be no hum, because of the world's LIGHT POLLUTION. Hardly anyone seen the stars now the way we used to, walking upstbru the field on a clear; freezing right, when the lane at Chez Nous was showed in a the Stara were so closes bright you felt you could grab ahandful of Swear'in in your fair! Sowhere shall we meet, in Feb, (best sighting fine) where LCF (light Contamination Factor) is V. low? Jerry: Wendy's? Pat blew's N. B. cabin? N. Canada? Mid Atlantic? Suggestions and invitations are now being solicited by EmployNest Newsletter,

The oft-crowded pages of the Empty
Nest Newsletter are not due to lack of artistic acomen, but to packing in the most news in
the least space, to save money. This publication is to
tally subsidized by the Editor, and an occasional much appreciated gift. Where but in ENNL
do you get so much for so little? (i.e., nothing!)

(ENNL Readers: There are the proof sheets.) represented to the

A Dietary Approach to Bulimia Treatment

STEPHANIE DALVIT-McPHILLIPS

866 Beecher's Brook, Mayfield Village, OH 44143

Received 22 May 1984

DALVIT-MCPHILLIPS, S. A dietary approach to bulimia treatment. PHYSIOL BEHAV 3X(5) 071-000, 1985.-To determine the effect of diet on bulimia, a treatment group of 10 bulimic women were placed for 6 weeks a nutrient-dense diet containing no fewer than 1400 calories and free of suspected blood sugar-insulin level destabilizers. Simultaneously, a control group of 10 bulimic women were placed on a (Sam) Food Plan which allowed unknowing duplications of their pre-study food patterns. After three weeks they were switched to the nutrient-dense diet for the remainder of the study. No subject received psychiatric counseling. The treatment group assigned to the nutrient-dense diet ceased to binge (9=(1/2)* <0.002, sign test). The control group on the sham diet binged steadily until switched to the nutrient-dense diet, after which, all binging ceased. Subjects lost weight effortlessly (or maintained weight by choice) and have remained binge free for over 21/2 years. Evidence suggests that malnutrition and blood sugar-insulin level destabilizers may play a role in precipitating . the bulimic condition

Food binging Blood sugar Insulin Malnuta: 4:01 Sero Top a

BULIMIA, an eating disorder in which subjects consume excessive numbers of calories in uncontrollable eating binges, and then purge by either vomiting, taking laxatives, diuretics, or fasting has recently been recognized as a disease. This disorder can prompt serious and possibly fatal medical complications. Side effects of the condition include a constant sore throat, esophageal inflammation, swollen glands, liver damage, deep depression, tooth decay, rupture of the stomach, disruption of electrolyte and fluid balance, and cardiac arrhythmias [12].

This eating disturbance is defined by the American Psychiatric Association in the 3rd edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM III) as a condition in which there are recurrent episodes of binge eating (rapid consumption of a large amount of food in a discrete period of time, usually less than two hours) accompanied by at least three of the following: consumption of high caloric easily ingested food, inconspicuous eating, termination of binges by abdominal pain, sleep, social interruption or selfinduced vomiting, or use of cathartics or diuretics, and frequent weight fluctuations of greater than ten pounds due to alternating binges and fasts [5]. Other characteristics of bulimia include: awareness that eating habits are abnormal, an intense fear regarding the voluntary ability to stop eating, and a depressed mood [5]. Bulimia has been identified as a problem in patients of normal weight [4], in the obese [7], and in anorexics, and is especially common in women.

Although bulimia is commonly believed to be a psychological disorder, with current treatment emphasizing group and individual psychotherapy, this investigator's expenments over a twelve year period lead her to postulate that bulimia is a physical disorder which is camouflaged or concealed by the conspicuous psychological problems it creates. Although no research has appeared which examined the in-

dividual's food choices and habits preceding the onset of bulimic behavior, this author's experience indicates that it is the nature of these prior choices as much as choices made during dietary restraint that precipitates the binge-purge

If as hypothesized, a bulimic's binges are physically induced by (1) malnutrition resulting from severe caloric restriction and/or (2) fluctuating levels of blood sugar or insulin, then it would seem possible that a nutrient-dense diet [20] with no fewer than 1400 calories, devoid of substances or behaviors which could alter levels of blood sugar or insulin might prevent the syndrome as well as treat it. To test whether dieting and insulin/glycemia destabilizing agents might be precipitating and sustaining bulimia, a pilot study preceded the more rigorously controlled study described in this paper. The pilot study indicated a strong ability to eliminate binging, hence, a controlled study was conducted to confirm or qualify the pilot study. Since the purpose of the controlled experiment was to determine the effects of a nutrient-dense diet devoid of agents which could destabilize levels of blood sugar or insulin, the psychological and emotional problems of the participants, though noted, were not assessed or systematically treated.

METHOD

Subjects were solicited over a four-week period through newspaper ads and notices placed in local spas and health clubs. Ads requested that persons with binge eating problems, interested in participating in an experiment, call a designated number. Out of 116 female respondents, 65 were eliminated because they could not make themselves available for the entire 7 week study. Each of the others was

'Supported by the Bulimia Fund, Belhaven College, Jackson, MS 39216 and the Dalvit-McPhillips Foundation, 866 Beecher's Brook, Mayfield Village, OH 44143.

mailed a questionnaire to establish: (1) the actual presence of bulimia. (2) present diet between binges. (3) binge frequency. (4) weight history, (5) kinds of treatment sought, and (6) health records. Respondents were also asked to circle adjectives describing their feelings and physical responses before, during, and after a binge, and to give their personal opinions as to the cause of their binge eating problems. After the completed questionnaires were examined, all respondents who did not strictly satisfy the DSM III definition of bulimia and/or who had guessed the purpose of the study, were eliminated. Twenty women who accurately satisfied these criteria were accepted for the study.

The initial telephone call was short and impersonal. A uniform statement was read to all respondents regarding the length of the experiment, number of diets to be followed, and qualification specifics (i.e., availablility, no medical condition which required sustained drug therapy). Those who wished to be considered as subjects and could be available for 7 consecutive weeks were told they would receive a questionnaire by mail. Names and addresses were taken. Upon receipt of the completed questionnaires, participating subjects were mailed identical instructions and procedures for the seven week experiment. All subsequent contact with the subjects was conducted through an automatic telephone answering system.

During the experiment, subjects were asked to dial a designated phone number once a day to report factual data such as name, date, time, and food intake for the previous 24 hours by weight, measure, quantity, and brand name when applicable. The subjects were also told to report their initial weights on the first day of the study and their final weights on the day following the conclusion of the study.

Subjects were also asked to acknowledge and describe binges when they occurred (defined as uncontrolled consumption of a large amount of food) as well as to report from a list given them, any factors appearing to affect voluntary food intake such as depression, menstruation, and change in routine. This list was meant to further confuse the subjects as to the purpose of the study. A voice-activated phone answering system, in operation 24 hours a day, was the recipient of all information. Once a day its cassett was changed and the information recorded.

Preceding the start-date of the study, each participant received instruction sheets explaining: (1) that there would be specific telephone protocol to be followed, (2) that the purpose of the study would be revealed upon its completion. (3) that each subject would be asked to follow two food plans in consecutive order during the study, (4) that there may be negative aspectes of the study to which subjects might react. such as boredom, the impersonal nature of the experiment, and, based on the results of the Pilot Study, a short adjustment period with possible mildly unpleasant physical and/or mental reactions on the part of some subjects.

The instruction sheets also stressed the necessity of all participants making a serious commitment to the experiment, explaining how dropping out of the program could critically alter the outcome of the study. Equally stressed was the importance of following instructions exactly for each assigned food plan. No mention of a "cure or treatment" was made. Subjects were told that any relevant problems or questions arising during the course of the study could be .brought to the investigator's attention via the phone answering system, and that a neutral person not directly involved with the study would return these calls and provide the clarifying information requested, after being briefed by the in-

Week One of the study (Baseline) was devoted to the confirmation of each subject's pre-study binge frequency and to learning the nature of the subjects' "between binge" diets as reported in their questionnaires. Toward the end of Week One, all subjects were mailed their first food plan with accompanying instructions and were directed to commence following it the first day of Week Two, remaining on it until further notified. Subjects were paired according to binge frequency (a subject who had binged once a week was paired with another subject who had binged once a week) and one of each pair was randomly assigned to either a treatment group or a control group. One subject of each pair received the Treatment Food Plan and the other, a Sham Food Plan. (The Treatment and Sham Food Plans and their instructions are not included due to their excessive length. sen to obtained upon request by sending a self-addressed stamped envelope; parada 12 se.) (se more inform

-The investigator's Treatment Plan consisted of a Core Diet, an Optional Foods List, and instructions which pro-vided guidelines for food selection, quantity, and frequency, and also eliminated any food, non-food substance or activity (such as purging, excessive exercise) that in the view of the investigator could precipitate binging. The Treatment Plan was designed to be nutrient dense [20] and, depending upon each subject's choices, flexible in caloric range. However, the food plan was constructed so that over each 24 hour period, no individual could consume fewer than 1400 calories, the minimum level set for this study, based upon the investigator's observation that diets under 1400 calories precipitated binging in her patients. To allow for the variation of individual needs no upper limit was put on caloric intake. Daily vitamin supplements consisted of 1 gram of Vitamin C, one B-50 complex, and a multiple vitamin with minerals. The Treatment Plan was totally free of alcohol, caffeine, refined sugar, white flour products, cigarettes, all medications, and salt except for the salt occurring in several of the foods listed on the food plan. Diet soda (sugar and caffeine free) was restricted to one per day and adding salt to food was prohibited. Monosodium glutamate and products containing flavor enhancers were not permit-

Produce was to be either fresh or frozen, and daily minimum required quantities of foods were listed. To allow flexibility and variety, each food group offered several selections. Subjects were instructed to satisfy the "core diet" requirements each day, but that once this had been done, they were free to choose foods from the less nutrientdense "optional foods list" (such as popcom, celery, puffed

Instructions specified that the subject spread her food ! intake ioto at least three or more meals a day, and that she eat whenever hungry (hunger defined as a "craving for food regardless of scheduled meals"). Subjects were told that it was acceptable to binge (in order to camouflage the treatment plan) but if a binge occurred, they were not to purge (i.e., fast, vomit, take diet pills, "speed", laxatives or diuretics, over-exercise, or alter the diet in any way). Subjects were also restricted to no more than 60 minutes a day of specific aerobic exercises. Anaerobic exercises such as weight lifting were not permitted.

The Sham Plan was based on foods from the subjects' pre-study diets and was camouflaged to allow the control



R

THIS

1 SSUE'S

YY ANOS

SUPPLE

HE

BEHAVIOR.

T

S

58

subjects to unwittingly duplicate their own individualized food plans and activity followed prior to the study and during the Baseline period. The Sham Plan differed from the Treatment Plan in not requesting a minimum amount of food and in not restricting alcohol, caffeine, sugar, white flour products, salt, diet sodas, medication, or flavor enhancers. Vitamin supplements were not prescribed although five subjects were already taking vitamins of their own choosing and continued to do so. Unlike the Treatment Plan, in the event of a binge, purging methods were not prohibited in the Sham Plan, nor was daily exercise restricted to kind or duration. This was to allow not only duplication of pre-study diets but activity and habits engaged in prior to the experiment. Only subjects assigned to the Sham Plan were told to consume a large glass of water whenever they felt like binging and to perform some non-food related activity such as taking a walk or reading a book (in order to camouflage the Sham Plan). Subjects were also allowed to combine and consume their foods in any pattern agreeable to them.

Toward the end of week four, each group was sent a second food plan. The control group was switched from the Sham Food Plan to the Treatment Food Plan, and the treatment group received a second Treatment Food Plan similar to their first. The second Treatment Plan was administered in order to confuse the treatment subjects and to determine whether the act of switching to a comparable Treatment Plan was a factor in affecting binge-purge behavior. The new Treatment Plan differed from the original by making nutritionally comparable substitutions, as well as offering several new selections in the "core diet and optional foods list." However, the two Treatment Plans were substantially identical. All subjects were asked to follow their newly designated food plans for the remainder of the study, i.e. weeks

Once a day the cassette to the automatic phone answering machine was changed and the data from the subjects' calls recorded. Binge episodes were also noted and recorded. Total daily calories, averaged calories for the Baseline period (and weeks 2-4 for control subjects), and averaged calories for the treatment period were calculated. Daily carbohydrate, protein, and fat grams were totalled and averaged for Baseline (and weeks 2-4 for control group) and treatment periods. Sign tests were used to determine the significance of differences between baseline and treatment, and between treatment and control groups.

RESULTS

Table 1 presents the binge frequency of each paired subject throughout the study as well as her beginning and final weights. During Week One of the study (Baseline) when no treatment was administered, all subjects binged in both groups. The data obtained during Week One was an accurate confirmation of the subject's estimated pre-study binge frequency, food selections, and activities obtained via questionnaire.

During weeks 2-4, all subjects receiving the Treatment Food Plan discontinued binging $(p = (1_2)^4 < 0.002$, sign test). The binging of each treatment subject was lower than her paired control group subject who was on the Sham Food Plan (p < 0.002, sign test). Control subjects continued binging at about the same rate as during their Baseline week: two decreased slightly, three increased slightly, and five remained the same.

During weeks 5-7, all subjects completing the second Treatment Food Plan continued to be binge-free. All control :

			Tre	Treatment	=							1	Control	1 0	1				
		Bin	se Fre	Binge Frequency/Week	y/Wee	*						Binge	Binge Frequency/Week	lency/	Week	Weeks			
		ć			¥	Weeks			Pad		Regin	Race.							End
Subject	Negin W1	Lase.	C 3	3 4 5	-4	v.	9	1	WI	Subject	1 _M	line	7	~	4	N		~	≩
	178	,	-	0	٥		c	c	120	. *	191	4	4	2	3	c	0	0	154
	135		: 5			0	0	C	130	٦	152	2	~	2	3	0	0	0	140
	140	4 -		0	0	. 0		0	140	Σ	172	7	-	7	7	0	0	0	167
	100		2 5	. 0	0	0	0	0	140	Z	120	~	7	el	۴,	0	0	0	116
	137		0	0	. 0	-	0	C	133	0	155	7	4	6	9	0	0	C	148
	36		9 0	: 0	. 0	0	0	0	115	4	183	7		-	7	c	a	0	<u>~</u>
	318	1 ~	: 0	0	=	5		0	110	0	125	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	122
	9	-	0	=	0		accidental death	tal dea	-	~	130	-	-	7	-	c	0	0	126
	140		0	0	0	c	c	c	132	S	126	es	7	4	e.	0	0	0	124

TABLE 2

		Tr	eatment							Control			
		v. Calori Baseline			v. Calori				v. Caloni			reatmen	
Subject	Cho	Рто	Fat	Cho	Pro	Fat	Subject	Cho	Pro	Fat	Cho	Pro	Fa
À		1080			1842		К		1937			1840	
	160	62	22 .	200	91	75	grams	209	141	60	202	133	5
grams calories	640	248	196	800	364	675	calories	836	360	540	808	532	50
% calories	59	23	18	43	20	37	% calories	43	29	28	44	29	2
B	"	800			1420		L		1810			1540	
_		7.5	8	195	72	39	grams	316	76	26	192	92	4
grams	161	124	72	780	288	351	calories	126	304	234	768	366	39
calones	604 75	16	9	55	20	25	% calories		17	30	50	24	3
% calories	13	1230	,		1943		M M		904			1400	
C		1230							***		93	102	6
grams	206	47	24	260	124	45	grams	61	124	19	372	408	62
calories	824	188	216	1040	496	405	calories	244	496	162	27	29	4
% calories	67	15	18	54	26	20	% calories	21	55	10	21	1440	7
D		1100			1505		N		1270				
grams	154	. 72	22	196	86	42	grams	165	48	46	175	117	27
calories	616	288	198	784	344	378	calories	660	192	414	700	468	1
% calories	56	27	18	52	23	25	% calories	52	15	33	48		1
E		968			2540		0		1110			1545	
grams	8	90	64	331	146	70	grams	135	70	31	172	102	5
calories	32	360	576	1326	584	630	calories	540	280	279	688	408	45
%calones	3	37	60	52	23	25	% catories	49	26	25	45	26	2
F		1200			1450		P		1400			1425	
grams	141	75	37	174	-83	47	grams	203	87	26	142	99	5
calones	564	300	336	694	332	442	calories	812	34	234	570	396	45
% calories	47	25	28	48	23	29	% calories	58	25	17	40	28	3
G		0-?			2066		Q		0-?			2506	
grams	VOIT	nits prom	ptly	314	121	36	grams	von	its prom	aptly	331	137	1.5
calones		er any fo		1256	484	324	calories	afı	er any fo	boo	1324	548	62
7 calones		onsume		63	23	26	% calories	(onsume	d	53	22	2
Н		710			1620		R		1310			1555	
grams	103	22	23	210	127	30	grams	165	74	39	169	91	5
calories	412	88	207	840	508	270	calories	660	296	351	676	364	52.
% calories	58	13	29	52	31	17	% calonies	50	23	27	43	23	3
I		1720			1500		S		1000			1640	
grams	210	103	51	168	101	47	grams	75	92	37	221	74	5
calories	840	412	459	672	404	423	calories	300	368	333	884	296	45
% calones	49	24	27	45	27	28	% calones	30	37	33	54	18	2
1		1240			1535		T		1110			1655	
	161	59	39	180	88	51	grams	152	66	26	202	113	4
grams calories	644	236	351	720	352	459	calories	608	264	234	808	452	42
calones Si calones	52	19	29	47	23	30	% calones		24	21	48	27	2

^{*}Represents between binge calones. Purge calones not included.

HIXO XO XO OX OX

OO OX

00 0X

00 00

00 00

00 00

00 00

00 00

00 00

ox oc ox

OX

00 00 00

OX

00

OX

m S

Ņ		*
Berdanier, C. D., R. Wurdeman	1978.	Amery, A., C. polpin, A. achiec
and R. B. Tobin. Further	Lancel April 1, 681-683,	ben a se su concose ili-l
	2. Berdanier, C. D., R. Wurdeman and R. B. Tobin. Further	 tolerance during diuretic therapy. Lancet April 1, 081-083. 1978. Berdanier, C. D., R. Wurdeman and R. B. Tobin. Further

13 12 Hei Hei

281-271

U

00 0× OX CO CX OX OX < xc xo xc ox 0 × 00 OX OX 16. Udassin, R., S. Yehuda, Y. Shapiro, C. Birenfeld and E. Schar. Serum glucose and lactic acid concentrations during prolonged and strenuous exercise in man. Am J Physiol Med 56: 249-256, 17. Ward, R. M. and M. J. Maisels. Metabolic effect of methylxanthines. Semin Perinatol 5: 383-388, 1981. 18. Whitney, E. N. and C. B. Cataldo. The carbohydrates, sugar starch, and fiber. In: Understanding Normal and Clinical Nu-Inition, edited by DEBER. St Paul: West Publishing Company, 1983, p. 20.

00 0×

OXOX

OX OX

OX OX

00 0X

00 0×

OX OX

OX

OX OX

00

00

subjects, now off the Sham Plan and on the Treatment Plan discontinued binging (p < 0.002, sign test). Table 2 presents the averages in carbohydrate, protein, fat, and calories for each subject during Baseline (and weeks 2-4 for control subjects) and during Treatment Food Plans. These are also expressed as a percentage of average caloric intake for these periods. Table 3 presents the characteristics of subjects' Pretreatment and Treatment diets and behaviors. Although factor analysis was not performed because of the small sample size, such data suggests the possible role of these factors in

For ethical reasons involving the health of the participants this investigator chose not to risk giving the Sham Food Plan to subjects after they had totally ceased to binge on the Treatment Plan. Four years after the pilot study, and two and a half years after the completion of the controlled study, all 28 subjects remain binge free. Follow-ups were conducted by monthly phone interviews.

DISCUSSION

Twenty bulimic women satisfying the DSM III definition of bulimia stopped their binge-purge behavior after receiving a nutrient-dense [20] flexible food plan of not fewer than 1400 calories, and which was devoid of caffeine, alcohol, refined sugar and flour products, cigarettes, medication, flavor enhancers, and which contained little salt. In addition, Treatment Plan instructions provided rules for food selection, quantity, and frequency, and also eliminated any food or non-food substance or activity (such as purging; excessive exercise) which could destabilize blood sugar-insulin levels or affect an individual's nutritional status in a deleterious way. As hypothesized, the evidence indicates that consummatory habits and certain activities of the subjects prior to the onset of the bulimic syndrome and during the disorder may play a role in precipitating the syndrome as well as perpetuating it.

The investigator suggests that bulimics can be divided Unto the following two categories according to the bingeprecipitating characteristics of their diets:

(1) Those whose controlled eating orgies first occur either

after embarking upon a diet, or after the completion of a diet, (2) Those who have a history of sudden "inexplicable and uncontrolled eating orgies, regardless of whether or not they are dieting or have just completed a diet.

The author reasons that food orgies of bulimics in category No. 1 are precipitated largely by inadequate reducing diets which cause malnutrition, while the orgies of bulimics in category No. 2 are initially caused by agents which alter blood sugar and/or insulin levels. Malnutrition (defined as inadequate calories, nutrients, or both) appears to make individuals in category No. 1 more vulnerable to glycemia destabilizing agents such as overzealous exercise, certain medications, air pollutants, and allergens-agents which might not have precipitated binge behavior in individuals eating at a higher, more nutritious level.

Conversely, if persons who are particularly sensitive to specific blood sugar-insulin altering agents (cigarettes and cigarette smoke [19], overexercise [16], caffeine [17], fasting [9]. diuretics [1]. laxatives [11]. menstrual changes [15]. sugar [18], alcohol [14], stress [2,6], and many medications !

[8] choose to diet, or to exert control over food intake, resultant malnutrition, or borderline malnutrition, can become an added factor making binging even more severe. In both categories there is usually an eventual combination of malnutrition and blood sugar-insulin level alterations which can lock the victim into an ever-worsening pattern of orgiastic eating and futile control-seeking through stringent dieting and purge methods. It is the view of this author that any diet with fewer than 1400 calories, no matter how balanced, can alone initiate binging, and that malnutrition itself, which is known to cause psychological changes [13] not only can create the anxieties, depressions, guilts, and low selfesteem found in most bulimlics and anorexics, but can intensify them as well. Once the uncontrolled binging has occurred, the fear of weight gain may be magnified when binges begin to exceed periods of conscious food restriction or when scale weight leaps overnight. Subjects-bewildered and frightened at losing control of their eating, despondent over their unsuccessful attempts at weight loss, and fearing additional weight gain from binges-further restrict calories, exercise furiously, and/or panic purge (fast, take laxatives. diuretics, diet pills, vomit, etc.). The deleterious effects of the purge (electrolyte imbalance, glycogen depletion, blood sugar alteration, dehydration, and further loss of nutrients and calories) [3,10] may act synergistically with the dietary restriction to trigger another binge, and thus a vicious cycle is established.

It should be noted that for a majority of the subjects, the number of calories consumed prior to treatment were fewer than those required in the Treatment Food Plans. This suggests possible malnutrition in those individuals. However, in 4 subjects, the pre-treatment caloric, carbohydrate, protein, and fat levels were either the same or exceeded the treatment levels. Clearly, these diets were inadequate in some way. This may indicate that blood sugar-insulin altering agents or allergens may play a role in precipitating binge behavior, or that these subjects were also malnourished at these levels. If as hypothesized, a bulimic's binges are physically induced by (1) malnutrition states resulting from caloric and nutrient restriction and/or (2) fluctuating levels of blood sugar or insulin, then it would seem possible that a nutrient-dense diet with no fewer than 1400 calories, devoid of substances and/or behaviors which could destabilize the levels of blood sugar or insulin could prevent the syndrome as well as treat it.

Further research needs to be conducted to determine the specific substances or acts that upset blood sugar or insulin levels and then to discover how these binge-precipitating destabilizers, alone or in combination with malnutrition states and/or allergens, affect the bulimic condition. The results of this study may be useful in treating and preventing a variety of eating disorders, as well as helping to shed light on why there is such a high failure rate for those trying to maintain diets or lose weight, and why obesity is rapidly becoming a national epidemic.

The author wishes to thank P. Dougan-Dalvit for her help in the preparation of this report, and Duane Meeter for his stiatistical con-

- 5. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, third edition. Am Psychiatr Assoc 1980, pp. 69-71.
- 6. Hall, J. B. and D. A. Brown. Plasma glucose and lactic acid alterations in response to a stressful exam. Biol Psychol 8: 179-7. Hamburger, W. Emotional aspects of obesity. Med Clin N Am
- 35: 483-499, 1951. 8. Hansten, P. Glucose. In: Drug Interactions, edited by ann. Philadelphia: Lea and Febiger, 1979, pp. 349-357.

- 9. Hawkins, A. and J. F. Biebuyck. Ketone bodies are selectively used by individual brain regions. Science 205: 325-327, 1979. 10. Johnson, R. E. and M. S. Sinnott. Bulimia. AFP 24: 141-143,
- 11. Lambert, M. Drug and diet interactions. Am J Nurs 75: 403,
- 19. William-Olsson. Smoking and platelet stickiness. Lancet Oct.
- 20. Wittwer, A. J., A. W. Sorenson, B. W. Wyse and R. G. Hansen. Nutrient density-evaluation of nutritional attributes of foods. J Nutr Ed 9: 26-30, 1977.